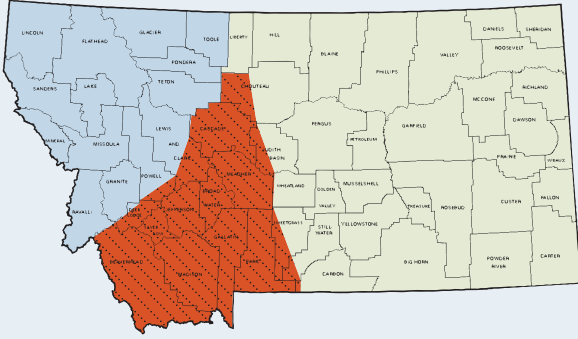




MONTANA REGIONAL STATE LANDS SOUTHWEST/CENTRAL



13

WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREAS

(Region 3, 4)

“WMAs protect important wildlife habitat that might otherwise disappear from the Montana landscape [and] provide vital habitat for a variety of wildlife including bear, bighorn sheep, birds, deer, elk, furbearers, moose, mountain goats, wolves and an array of other game and nongame species.”



16

STATE PARKS

(FWP Regions 3, 4)

BANNACK STATE PARK
is the site of Montana’s first territorial capital

**LEWIS & CLARK
CAVERNS STATE PARK**
is Montana’s first state park



100+

FISHING ACCESS SITES

(FWP Regions 3, 4)

“Montana’s FAS Program provides public access to high quality waters for angling, boating, rafting, and other recreation opportunities. In addition, fishing access sites are often popular areas for hunting, wildlife viewing, hiking, bird watching, picnicking, etc.”

181,719.5

TOTAL WMA ACREAGE

LARGEST WMA
Mount Haggin WMA is 56,151 acres in several different units. It was established in 1976 in part to provide year-round habitat for wildlife emphasizing elk, moose, and mule deer. Many other species are known to use the management area permanently, seasonally, or occasionally.

SMALLEST WMA
Lake Helena WMA is 431.5 acres. The primary purpose in acquiring the WMA was to improve waterfowl production and staging habitat on Lake Helena and the Helena Valley in general and to provide waterfowl hunting access to Lake Helena.

